INOVA CREDIT UNION

ANNUAL REPORT 2024





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AGENDA

- **1.WELCOME AND CALL TO ORDER**
- 2. DETERMINATION OF QUORUM
- 3. MOMENT OF SILENCE IN MEMORY OF DECEASED MEMBERS
- 4. RULES OF ORDER
- 5. APPROVAL OF AGENDA
- 6. APPROVAL OF APRIL 18TH, 2023 AGM MINUTES
- 7. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS
- 8. REPORTS
- CHAIR AND GENERAL MANAGER'S JOINT REPORT
- AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT
- CREDIT COMMITTEE REPORT
- CO-OPERATIVE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE
- 9. APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS
- 10. NEW BUSINESS
- 11. ADJOURNMENT



ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

87th iNova Credit Union Virtual Annual General Meeting April 18, 2023 at 6:00 pm

1. Opening Remarks – Wayne Pace welcome all attending

2. Call to Order - At 6:01pm the meeting was called to order by Wayne Pace, Chair of the Board of Directors.

3. Quorum – Thomas Redden confirmed there were 18 members in attendance therefore a quorum was established.

4. Moment of Silence – Wayne Pace asked that a moment of silence be observed in memory of our members who had passed away in 2022.

5. Rules of Order – Roberts Rules of Order are used for all meeting of the Board of Directors

6. Adoption of Agenda – Wayne Pace asked that the agenda for the 87th Annual General Meeting be adopted as presented.

Motion 23-01: It was moved by Erin Hancock, seconded by Jaclyn Doublett, that the agenda for the 87th Annual General Meeting be adopted as presented. Carried

7. Approval of the 86th AGM Meeting Minutes - Minutes were reviewed from the 86th Annual General Meeting held April 19, 2022.

Motion 23-02: It was moved by Kaylon Fraser, seconded by Mitchell Wells, that the minutes of the 86th Annual General Meeting be approved. Carried

8. Service Awards – Angie Fong presented Karla MacKeen with her 25-year service award, and Jaclyn Doublett with her 10-year service award.

9. Election of Directors – Karla MacKeen presented the Nomination Committee report stating that there were 3 director terms expiring. Wayne Pace, Erin Hancock, and Mitchell Wells all offered to remain on the board, with no other offers submitted during the call for nominations they were re-elected by acclamation.

10. Chair and General Managers Report – Wayne Pace and Karla MacKeen presented their joint report. Highlights in 2022 included continued asset and deposit growth and a net income of \$393,099. The Board has approved a patronage rebate of \$150,000 to be paid back to all members in good standing as of December 31, 2022. Karla and Wayne thanked the Board, Management and Staff for their effort and support throughout the year

Motion 23-03: It was moved by Angie Fong, seconded by Kaylon Fraser, to accept the Chair and General Managers Report. Carried

11. External Auditors Report – Eric O'Connor, Chartered Accountant for Miles T. Sweeney Inc. reviewed the Credit Union's income and expenses, comparing 2021 and 2022. Also reviewed were the statements of net income, comprehensive income and retained earnings, cash flows for the year end, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Current challenges include membership growth along with loan interest and other income growth. To improve profitability the Credit Union needs to continue to manage operating expenses and grow the loan portfolio with quality loans.

Motion 23-04: It was moved by Thomas Redden, seconded by Karla MacKeen, to accept the External Auditors Report. Carried

12. Audit Committee Report - Mike Ansari, Chair of the Audit Committee presented his report. Mike reviewed the Committee responsibilities and reported they are confident the Credit Union's financial reporting systems and controls are adequate to meet regulatory and statutory requirements. Mike thanked his fellow committee members Justin Sampson, Suzy Hansen and Kyle Blandin for their contributions over the past year.

Motion 23-05: It was moved by Mitchell Wells, seconded by Angie Fong, that the Audit Committee Report be accepted. Carried

13. Credit Committee Report – Karla MacKeen presented the Credit Committee report on behalf of Angela Franklin, Chair of the Credit Committee. The report included an overview of the committee's responsibilities and stated that the Board was satisfied with the reporting and adherence to policy. Angela thanked her fellow committee members as well as Thomas Redden who acts as the staff resource.

Motion 23-06: It was moved by Mike Ansari, seconded by Erin Hancock, that the Credit Committee Report be accepted. Carried

14. Cooperative Social Responsibility Committee - Erin highlighted some initiatives iNova did over the past year to support our community that went hand in hand with our strategic plan. Motion 23-07: It was moved by Thomas Redden, seconded by Mike Ansari that the Cooperative Social Responsibility Committee Report be accepted. Carried

15. .Appointment of Auditors for 2023 - Mike Ansari, Chair of the Audit Committee recommended the reappointment of Miles T. Sweeney Ltd as the auditors for 2023.

Motion 23-08: It was moved by Karla MacKeen, seconded by Thomas Redden, to accept the reappointment of Miles T. Sweeney Ltd. as the external auditors for 2023. Carried

17. Adjournment – At 6:25 Wayne expressed appreciation to the members and guests attending the virtual AGM and the staff's contribution in making the meeting a success and asked for a motion to adjourn the meeting.

Motion 23-9: It was moved by Angie Fong to adjourn the meeting. Carried

Submitted by

Jayme Melrose Board Secretary Wayne Pace Board Chair

Election of Directors 2024

We had three, 3-year term positions and a 2 -year term position open on the Board of Directors this year.

A call for nominations was made on March 11th, 2024 and closed on April 12th, 2024 resulting in a slate of 4 candidates. With there being 4 nominations for the 4 vacancies the candidates elected by acclamation were Angela Franklin, Mariah Pelley-Smith, Mike Ansari and Dan McFadgen.

Angela, Mariah and Mike are all returning directors and will serve 3-year terms and we welcome Dan McFadgen to the Board for a 2-year term.

A G M Chair of the Board of Directors and General Manager's Report

Hello and welcome to iNova Credit Union's 88th annual general meeting. We are pleased to present the past years results and to highlight what is on the horizon for your Credit Union in the year to come.

Similar to last year, in an effort to combat inflation, the Bank of Canada has kept interest rates raised which led to another strong fiscal performance for iNova, with a budget surplus of slightly over \$600,000. Due to this success the board has approved a patronage rebate in the amount of \$100,000 and has budgeted an increase in our Corporate Social Responsibility budget by an additional \$50,000. The rebate will be deposited to all members in good standing as of December 31, 2023 and will be reflective of the amount of business you have with us. You will see this patronage rebate deposited to your '05' account by the end of the month. If we can continue with our strong financial performance in 2024, we hope to create more opportunities for our members and community, such as creating education bursaries.

The long-awaited replacement of our banking platform is expected to occur this fall. Other credit unions in the Atlantic Region have already begun this transition and have reported great transitional success and member satisfaction with the new online platform. We will be able to offer the strongest online security as well as user-friendly interfaces and updated online banking capabilities. Importantly, we will be onboarding Member Direct for Small Business to fully serve all our members. iNova will continue to show fiscal responsibility to manage the increased costs associated with this industry leading platform and firmly believe the new benefits will justify the added costs. We urge our members to keep their contact information updated, enabling us to communicate important updates effectively to facilitate a seamless transition

Your Board of Directors have been busy throughout 2023 and into 2024 attending monthly board of director meetings, committee meetings and an annual planning session to review iNova's strategic focus over the next three years. We continue to steer our focus on growing our membership, maintaining financial stability, and investing in our people to ensure the right number of resources are available to support upcoming changes over the next few years. We have an active and engaged staff and in 2024 are proud to provide an enhanced staff compensation package commensurate with the skills and dedication they bring to our Credit Union.

A G M Chair of the Board of Directors and General Manager's Report

As always, giving back to our communities is very important to us and our team at iNova. We continued to demonstrate a strong commitment to our communities and developed new partnerships throughout 2023.We were able to provide support to HRM schools, the Africville Genealogy Society, Mulgrave Park Caring and Learning Centre, the Bus Stop Theatre, Parker Street Food Bank and various sport teams. Additionally, iNova continues to strengthen banking relationships with local non-profits aimed at providing solutions to the current housing issues in Halifax. We continue to do our part in helping to find solutions to the housing crisis.

I am incredibly fortunate to work with a very efficient and dedicated group of colleagues without whom I could not function. I want to thank them for their outstanding work ethic in providing member service as it is not only vital to our success but our reason for existing.

I would like to also thank your Board of Directors for providing outstanding support and leadership, working hard on your behalf to ensure the long-term success of iNova Credit Union. Their concern for our staff as well as their desire for the long-term success of the credit union and its membership is always top of mind in every decision they make.

Lastly, on behalf of the Board, Management and Staff I would like to thank our members. Our success would not be possible without your continued loyalty, advocacy, and support.

Mitchell Wells Board Chair

Karla MacKeen General Manager



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

iNova Credit Union Limited December 31, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of iNova Credit Union Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of iNova Credit Union Limited (the "Credit Union"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the statements of comprehensive income and retained earnings and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and schedules of administrative and occupancy expenses.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Credit Union as at December 31, 2023, and the financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Credit Union in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Credit Union's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Credit Union or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Credit Union's financial reporting process.

(continues)

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of iNova Credit Union Limited (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Credit Union's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Credit Union's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Credit Union to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Miles I Sweeney Limited

Dartmouth, Nova Scotia March 25, 2024

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

7 Mellor Avenue, Unit 101 • Dartmouth, Nova Scotia • Canada • B3B 0E8 T (902) 468-5500 • F (902) 468-5501 • www.msweeney.com

Nova Credit Union Limited STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31	2023	2022
Assets		1.75 Debeteretereter
Cash resources (Note 6)	\$ 6,059,861	
Accrued receivables (Note 8)	66,243	70,469
Prepaid expenses (Note 19)	405,491	126,080
Members' loans (Note 7)	43,736,531	37,840,633
Long-term investments (Note 9) Capital assets (Note 10)	1,204,366 251,772	1,231,916 253,412
Right-of-use asset - building (Note 18)	622,754	698,239
right-or-use asset - building (Note To)	022,754	030,233
	\$ <u>52,347,018</u>	\$55,112,550
Liabilities		
Payables and accruals	\$ 107,728	
Patronage rebate payable	100,000	150,000
Members' deposits (Note 11)	44,826,495	48,220,490
Deposit interest payable	269,286	106,191
Income taxes payable (Note 13)	34,259	51,743
Deferred income taxes (Note 13)	9,996	7,844
Lease liability (Note 18)	677,477	746,762
	46,025,241	49,389,564
Members' equity		
Members' shares (Note 12)	158,034	63,561
Contributed surplus	35,752	35,752
Retained earnings	6,127,991	5,623,673
	6,321,777	5,722,986
	\$ 52 347 018	\$_55,112,550

/ear ended December 31	2023	% of Income	2022	% of Income
ncome				
Loan interest	\$ 2,026,163	70.9	\$ 1,528,137	69.5
Investment income	354,586	12.4	275,593	
			210,000	12.0
	2,380,749	83.3	1,803,730	82.0
nterest expenses				
Distributions to members:				
Interest on deposits	543,221	19.0	215,952	9.8
inancial margin	1,837,528	64.3	1,587,778	72.2
Other income				
Discretionary rebate income	41,262	1.4	15,794	0.7
Other income	437,580	15.3	380,060	17.3
	478,842	16.7	395,854	18.0
ncome before operating expenses	2,316,370	81.0	1,983,632	90.2
ncome before operating expenses	2,510,570		1,303,032	30.2
Operating expenses				
Administrative (see schedule)	413,255	14.3	334,831	15.6
Amortization of capital assets	111,248	3.9	112,668	5.1
Central service charges	131,941	4.6	131,755	6.0
Occupancy (see schedule)	92,797	3.3	93,643	4.3
Salaries, benefits, contracted services	796,469	27.9	662,495	30.1
Deposit insurance	37,392	1.3	38,876	1.8
Loan impairment losses (recoveries)	47,876	1.7	15,064	0.7
otal operating expenses	1,630,978	57.0	1,389,332	63.6
Rebate to members	100,000	3.5	150,000	5.2
debate to members	100,000		150,000	<u>J.Z</u>
ncome before provision for income taxes	585,392	20.5	444,300	21.4
Provision for income taxes (Note 13)				
Current	78,922	2.8	51,743	2.4
Future (recovery)	2,152	0.1	(542)	
r didre (recovery)	2,152		(342	
	81,074	2.9	51,201	2.4
			1220000	1.200
let income and comprehensive income	504,318	17.6	393,099	19.0
	5 000 0TT		5 000 TT -	
Retained earnings, beginning	5,623,673		5,230,574	
let income and comprehensive income	504,318		393,099	
Retained earnings, ending	\$ <u>6,127,991</u>		\$ <u>5,623,673</u>	

Nova Credit Union Limited		
ear ended December 31	2023	2022
cash generated from (used in) operating activities		
Loan interest received	\$ 1,982,358	
Investment income received Other income received	362,705 43,423	
Rebates received	43,423 41,262	
Revenue from contracts received	394.157	
Decrease in members' deposits	(3,393,995	
Bad loans recovered	39,664	
Interest paid on members' deposits	(380,126	
Increase in members' loans	(5,943,525	(3,909,629)
Patronage rebate paid	(150,000	
Payments to suppliers	(953,609	
Payments to employees	(796,464	
Income taxes paid	(96,406) (37,484)
	(8,850,556	(3,577,154)
cash used in investing activities		
Redemption (purchase) of investments	27,550	
Purchase of capital assets	(34,122) (17,236)
	(6,572	(49,628)
ash used in financing activities		
Principal payments on lease liability	(69,285	
Proceeds from issue of shares (net of redemptions)	94,473	(5,483)
	25,188	(72,412)
let increase (decrease) in cash flows	(8,831,940) (3,699,194)
cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	14,891,801	18,590,995
ash and cash equivalents, end of year (Note 6)	\$6,059,861	\$

1. REPORTING ENTITY

iNova Credit Union Limited (the "Credit Union") is incorporated under the Nova Scotia Companies Act. The operation of the Credit Union is subject to the Nova Scotia Credit Union Act. Products and services offered to its members include loans, mortgages, chequing and savings accounts, MasterCards, RRSP's, term deposits, online and telephone banking and financial planning. The Credit Union is located at 6150 Almon Street, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

On March 25, 2024, the Credit Union's Board of Directors approved and authorized for issue the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

2. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Basis of measurement

These financial statements were prepared under the historical cost principle using a going concern basis, with the exception of available-for-sale financial assets which have been measured at fair value.

Functional currency

These statements are denominated in Canadian dollars which is the Credit Union's functional currency.

Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Credit Union's accounting policies. Changes in assumptions may have a significant impact on the financial statement in the year the assumptions changed.

Significant estimates made in the preparation of these financial statements include, but are not limited to the following areas, with further information contained in the applicable accounting policy note.

Measurement of the expected credit loss (ECL) allowance

The Credit Union reviews its loan portfolio to assess the ECL allowance for loans at least on a quarterly basis. The measurement of the ECL allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) is an area that requires the use of models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour (e.g. the likelihood of members defaulting and resulting losses). Explanation of the inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques used in measuring ECL is further detailed in Note 4.

A number of significant judgments are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- Determining criteria for significant increase in credit risk;
- · Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets for the purpose of measuring ECL.

The judgments, inputs, methodology and assumptions used for estimating the ECL allowance are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE (Continued)

Fair value of available-for-sale securities

The fair values of available-for-sale securities where no active market exists or where quoted prices are not otherwise available are determined by using valuation techniques. In each instance, management has reviewed the attributes of its investments and determined that fair value was liquidation value for each investment as there is no ability to otherwise sell the investments. Management also determined that liquidation value approximated historical cost.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, and short-term highly liquid securities which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash. The Credit Union considers securities with original maturities of three months or less as meeting the definition of convertible to known amounts of cash.

Members' loans and foreclosed assets

Members' loans are initially measured at fair value, net of loan origination fees and inclusive of transaction costs incurred. Members' loans are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses.

Members' loans are reported at their recoverable amount representing the aggregate amount of principal, less any allowance or provision for impaired loans plus accrued interest. Interest is accounted for on the accrual basis for all loans.

Real estate held for resale is carried at the lower of the amortized cost of the loan or mortgages foreclosed, adjusted for revenues received and costs incurred subsequent to foreclosure and the estimated net proceeds from the sale of assets.

Allowance for impaired loans

The Credit Union recognizes a loss allowance for the expected credit losses associated with its members' loans. Expected credit losses are measured to reflect the probability-weighted amount, the time value of money, and reasonable and supportable information regarding past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Credit Union records a loss allowance equal to the expected credit losses resulting from default events that are possible within the next 12-month period, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. For those members' loans for which the Credit Union assessed that a significant increase in credit risk has occured, the Credit Union records a loss allowance equal to the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the assets' contractual lifetime.

The Credit Union assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a members' loan or group of members' loans is impaired. A members' loan or group of members' loans is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occured after the initial recognition of the members' loan (a "loss event") and that loss event (events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the members' loans that can be reliably estimated.

The criteria the Credit Union uses to determine whether there is objective evidence of an impairment loss includes:

- Delinquency in contractual payments of principal or interest;
- Cash flow difficulties experienced by the member;
- Breach of loan covenants or conditions;
- Initiation of bankruptcy proceedings;
- Deterioration of the member's competitive position; and
- Deterioration in the fair value of collateral.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For members' loans assessed as credit-impaired at the reporting date, the Credit Union continues to recognize a loss allowance equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Loss allowances for expected credit losses are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the members' loans in the statement of financial position.

Members' loans are written off when the Credit Union has no reasonable expectation of recovering all or any portion thereof.

Revenue recognition

Interest on loans and advances is recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. Revenue from the provision of services is recognized when earned and the ability to collect is reasonably assured.

Members' deposits

All members' deposits are initially recognized at fair value, net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the instrument. Members' deposits are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Financial assets

The Credit Union recognizes financial assets when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are measured initially at their fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition. Transaction costs attributable to the acquisition of financial assets subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) are expensed in profit and loss when incurred.

On initial recognition, financial assets are classified and subsequently measured at amortized cost, FVTOCI or FVTPL. The Credit Union determines the classification of its financial assets, including any derivatives, based on the business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

Debt instruments are classified as follows:

- Amortized cost assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows are solely payments
 of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest revenue is calculated using the effective interest method
 and gains or losses arising from impairment, foreign exchange and derecognition are recognized in profit and loss.
- FVTOCI assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, and for which
 the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVTOCI. Interest income
 calculated using the effective interest method and gains or losses arising from impairment and foreign exchange are
 recognized in profit or loss. All other changes in the carrying amount of the financial asset are recognized in other
 comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive
 income is reclassified to profit and loss.
- Mandatory FVTPL assets that do not meet the criteria to be measured at amortized cost, or FVTOCI, are measured at
 FVTPL. All interest income and changes in the financial assets' carrying amount are recognized in profit or loss.
- Designated FVTPL on initial recognition, the Credit Union may irrevocably designate a financial asset to be measured at
 FVTPL in order to eliminate or significantly reduce an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise from measuring
 the assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains and losses on them, on different bases. All interest income and changes
 in the financial assets' carrying amount are recognized in profit or loss.

The Credit Union measures equity instruments at FVTPL, except where the Credit Union has irrevocably elected on initial recognition to present in other comprehensive income the fair value gains and losses of an equity instrument that is neither held for trading purposes nor contingent consideration acquired in a business combination. In such cases, the cumulative gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income are not reclassified to profit or loss on derecognition of the investment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Business model assessment

The Credit Union assesses the objective of its business model for holding a financial asset at a level of aggregation which best reflects the way in which the business is managed and information is provided to management. Information considered in this assessment includes stated policies and objectives and how performance of the portfolio is evaluated.

Contractual cash flow assessment

The cash flows of financial assets are assessed as to whether they are solely payments of principal and interest on the basis of their contractual terms. For this purpose, "principal" is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. "Interest" is defined as consideration for the time value of money, the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding, and other basic lending risks and costs. In performing this assessment, the Credit Union considers factors that would alter the timing amount of cash flows such as prepayment and extension features, terms that might limit the Credit Union's claim to cash flows, and any features that modify consideration for the time value of money.

Reclassifications

The Credit Union reclassifies debt instruments only when its business model for managing those financial assets has changed. Reclassifications are applied prospectively from the reclassification date and any previously recognized gains, losses or interest are not restated.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Credit Union transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay those cash flows to a third party and the Credit Union has transferred all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to a third party.

Financial liabilities

The Credit Union recognizes financial liabilities when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. At initial recognition, the Credit Union measures all financial liabilities at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their issuance, with the exception of financial liabilities subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss for which transaction costs are immediately recorded in profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Interest, gains and losses related to a financial liability are recognized in profit and loss.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

The Credit Union has classified its financial instruments as follows:

FINANCIAL ASSET/LIABILITY	CLASSIFICATION	SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT
Cash resources	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Deposits with Atlantic Central	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Long term investments	FVTOCI	FVTOCI
Members' loans (inc. accrued interest) and rebates		
receivable	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Members' deposits (inc. accrued interest),		
borrowings and payables	Amortized cost	Amortized cost

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is based on their estimated useful life using the following rates and terms:

Right-of-use assets	straight-line	term of lease plus two renewal terms
Leasehold improvements	straight-line	term of lease plus two renewal terms
Furniture & equipment	declining balance	20%
Computer equipment	declining balance	33%
Vaults	declining balance	10%
Sign	declining balance	20%

Residual values and useful lives are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted if appropriate.

Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the commencement date of a lease, the Credit Union recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of lease payments that are not paid at that date.

The right-of-use asset is measured at cost. The cost of a right-of-use asset is comprised of:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- · any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- an estimate of any dismantling and site restoration costs to be incurred by the lessee.

After the commencement date, the lease liability is measured by:

- increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made;
- remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost:

- less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and
- adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in net income except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current income taxes are recognized for the estimated income taxes payable or receivable on taxable income or loss for the current year and any adjustment to income taxes payable in respect of previous years. Current income taxes are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the Canada Revenue Agency. This amount is determined using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year-end date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized where the carrying value of an asset or liability differs from its tax base. Recognition of deferred taxes for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences is restricted to those instances where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available which allow the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. Trade payables are recognized at historical cost which is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method.

Shares

Savings shares, which are included in members' deposits, are in practice withdrawable on demand. Common shares and surplus shares, which are classified as equity, represent a residual interest in the equity of the Credit Union. They are not covered by deposit insurance. Common shares are redeemable upon request of the member and approval of the directors.

Dividends to members

Provision for dividends on savings shares represents the amount recommended by the Board of Directors. The recommended dividend is included in the statement of financial position as an accrued liability under payables and accruals. In the statement of comprehensive income, these dividends are deducted as an expense under interest and loan related expenses in determining net income for the year.

Foreign currency translation

Assets and liabilities which are denominated in foreign currencies (US dollars) are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the year end date. Revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date. Exchange differences are charged or credited to income.

Employee future benefit plans

The Credit Union uses defined contribution accounting for its Canadian Credit Union Employees Pension Plan.

Government grants

Unconditional government grants are recognized in profit or loss as other income when the grant becomes receivable. Other government grants are initially recognized as deferred income at fair value if there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the Credit Union will comply with the conditions associated with the grant; they are then recognized in profit or loss as other income on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

5. NATURE AND EXTENT OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the determination of the Credit Union's risk management objectives and policies and, while retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure effective implementation of the objectives and policies of the Credit Union's finance function. The Board of Directors receives quarterly reports from the general manager through which it reviews the effectiveness of the processes put in place and the appropriateness of the objectives and policies it sets.

5. NATURE AND EXTENT OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The following are the significant risks that the Credit Union is exposed to through its financial instruments:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Providing credit facilities to qualified members is one of the Credit Union's primary sources of earnings and is the area where the Credit Union is exposed to the most significant risk. Approval of these facilities is based on the members' ability to repay principal and interest over the term of the facility which is determined by following Board approved policies and procedures, which include assessing the members' credit history, character, collateral and debt servicing capacity.

In addition, the Credit Union provides to its employees comprehensive training to ensure compliance with Credit Union lending policies and procedures. As well, formal policies governing approval of credit facilities including acceptable risk assessment and security requirements are in place.

Overdue loan accounts, or lending delinquency, is closely monitored and reported to senior management on a timely and frequent basis to ensure that all allowances for potential loan losses are adequately provided for and written off when collection efforts have been exhausted. Credit risk is mitigated primarily by the nature and quality of the underlying security as prescribed by the Credit Union's lending agreements.

The Credit Union's loan portfolio is focused in two main areas; consumer loans and mortgages, and commercial loans, the latter to small and mid-size companies. Commercial loans to larger companies are available through a syndication process with other Credit Unions in order to appropriately mitigate the Credit Union's credit risk. Consumer mortgages are made available on a conventional basis up to eighty percent of the appraised value of a residential property with all mortgages in excess of that amount being insured through a third party, for example Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation or Genworth Financial Corporation. Other credit facilities provided include personal overdrafts, and MasterCard accounts that have no recourse to the Credit Union.

The Credit Union uses the expected loss model to record an allowance against members' loans. The allowance is broken into three stages. Stage 1 contains all loans that are not delinquent and do not have any known additional risk. Stage 2 contains all loans delinquent between 31 and 90 days, and any loan that has been assessed to have additional risk. Stage 3 contains all loans delinquent over 90 days, bankruptcy, and foreclosure. Each stage is broken down into pools of members' loans that have similar risk characteristics. The probability of default, risk adjustment and loss given default are used to determined the expected credit loss for each pool of members' loans.

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Credit Union uses judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Credit Union's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

2023

2022

The Credit Union's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

Cash resources Members' loans	\$ 6,059,861 	14,891,801 37,840,633
	\$49,796,392	\$ 52,732,434

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5. NATURE AND EXTENT OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Credit Union is exposed to this risk through traditional banking activities, such as deposit taking and lending. The Credit Union's goal is to manage the interest rate risk of the statement of financial position to a target level. The Credit Union continually monitors the effectiveness of its interest rate mitigation activities.

Interest rate sensitivity

The Credit Union's major source of income is the financial margin between the income earned on investments and loans to members, and the interest paid on their deposits. The objective of "interest rate sensitivity" management is to keep interest sensitive assets and interest sensitive liabilities in balance by amount and term to maturity, thus monitoring fluctuations of income during periods of changing interest rates.

The following schedule shows the Credit Union's sensitivity to interest rate changes. Amounts with floating rates due or payable on demand are classified as maturing in the first three months, regardless of maturity. A significant amount of loans can be settled before maturity without penalty, on mortgages and deposits a penalty will be levied. No adjustments have been made for repayments that may occur prior to maturity. Amounts that are not interest sensitive have been grouped together, regardless of maturity.

		ghted erage						Net Asset
Expected Repricing or Maturity Date	Intere Assets	est Rate Liabilities		Assets (000's)		Liabilities (000's)	Lia	ability Mismatch (000's)
0 to 3 months	6.45	0.72	\$	14,477	s	22,675	s	(8,198)
4 to 6 months	4.58	4.33		3,231		1,726		1,505
6 to 12 months	3.87	4.33		6,095		4,448		1,647
1 to 2 years	4.30	4.29		10,007		2,478		7,529
2 to 3 years	3.91	4.30		8,832		409		8,423
3 to 4 years	4.02	4.54		5,293		970		4,323
4 to 5 years	5.73	4.49		4,538		985		3,553
Over 5 years	5.69	n/a		388		-		388
Not interest sensitive	n/a	n/a	_	(514)	_	18,656	_	(19,170)
			\$	52,347	\$	52,347	\$	

Interest sensitive assets and liabilities cannot normally be perfectly matched by amount and term to maturity. One of the roles of a credit union is to intermediate between the expectations of borrowers and depositors. As a matter of policy, the Credit Union will limit the short term exposure to a maximum of a negative .2% of the Credit Union's assets, based on a 1% fluctuation in interest rates.

Foreign exchange risk

The Credit Union's foreign exchange risk is related to United States dollar deposits and cash on hand denominated in United States dollars. At year end, the Credit Union's holdings in foreign currency were 0.31% (2022 - 0.34%) of the total members' deposits portfolio.

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5. NATURE AND EXTENT OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The Credit Union limits its exposure to foreign exchange risk by maintaining only minimal levels of US dollar deposits and cash on hand.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to foreign exchange risk or procedures used to limit the risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Credit Union will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities as they come due. Liquidity risk is inherent in any financial institution and could result from entity level circumstances and/or market events.

The Credit Union's liquidity management framework is designed to ensure that adequate sources of reliable and cost effective cash or its equivalents are continually available to satisfy its current and prospective financial commitments under normal and contemplated stress conditions.

The Credit Union is required to maintain 10% of members deposits in liquid investments of which 90% must be held with Atlantic Central Credit Union. The Credit Union was in compliance with this requirement at December 31, 2023.

The Credit Union manages liquidity risk by:

- · Continuously monitoring actual daily cash flows and longer term forecasted cash flows;
- Monitoring the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities;
- Maintaining adequate reserves, liquidity support facilities and reserve borrowing facilities; and
- Monitoring the liquidity ratios monthly.

The Board of Directors receives quarterly liquidity reports as well as information regarding cash balances in order for it to monitor the Credit Union's liquidity framework. The Credit Union was in compliance with the liquidity requirements throughout the year.

The Credit Union's maximum exposure to liquidity risk at the reporting date was:

	2023	2022
Liquid assets Required liquidity	\$ 6,674,841 4,482,650	\$ 15,534,331 4,822,049
Excess liquidity	\$ <u>2,192,191</u>	\$ <u>10,712,282</u>
Liquid assets comprise: Cash held at Atlantic Central Liquidity and short-term deposits held at Atlantic Central Shares held at Atlantic Central	\$ (169,108) \$ 6,228,969 614,980 \$ <u>6,674,841</u> \$	 1,144,695 13,747,106 642,530 15,534,331

December 31, 2023		
6. CASH RESOURCES	2023	2022
Cash on hand and in current account Atlantic Central Deposits (Market value = cost)	\$ (169,108) \$ 6,228,969	1,144,695 13,747,106
	\$ <u>6,059,861</u> \$	14,891,801

	2023	2022
Consumer loans	\$ 11,637,989	\$ 11,355,636
Consumer lines of credit	1,317,381	1,377,485
Consumer mortgages	16,198,415	12,776,292
Commercial loans	9,634,590	7,928,647
Commercial lines of credit	2,183,353	1,771,246
Commercial and participation mortgages	1,607,155	1,709,882
Commercial loans - participation	1,230,800	1,009,289
Overdrafts	29,417	19,001
	43,839,100	37,947,478
Accrued interest	111,046	67,240
	43,950,146	38,014,718
Less : Allowance for impaired loans	213,615	174,085
Net loans	\$43,736,531	\$37,840,633

Members' loans can have either variable or fixed rates of interest and they mature within 1 month to 5 years. The rates offered to members are determined by the type of security offered, the member's credit worthiness, competition from other lenders and the current prime rate.

Commerical loans that are not subject to a government guarantee are secured by collateral ranging from specific assets to a general security agreement or personal guarantee. Consumer loans also are secured by collateral such as vehicles, investments and property.

Syndicated loans consist of commercial mortgages maturing within five years and secured by commercial property. The Credit Union receives monthly amounts from the loan administrators which represent blended payments of principal and interest equal to its percentage interests in the loans, less an administration fee.

2023		2022
\$ 7 900 70	9 C	7,210,400
		7,102,105
		12,111,323
9,965,09	5_	11,523,650
\$ 43,839,10	0 \$	37,947,478
	\$ 7,899,799 7,333,181 18,641,011 9,965,099	\$ 7,899,799 \$ 7,333,188 18,641,018 <u>9,965,095</u>

Allowance for impaired loans

Assessment of credit risk

Members' loans are assessed at each reporting date for a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

7. MEMBERS' LOANS (Continued)

This assessment considers changes in the risk of a default occuring at the reporting date as compared to the date of initial recognition.

The Credit Union considers members' loans to be in default when contractual payments are more than 90 days past due or other objective evidence of impairment exists.

Changes in credit risk are assessed on the basis of the risk that a default will occur over the contractual lifetime of the member's loan rather than based on changes in the amount of expected credit losses or other factors. The Credit Union takes into account all reasonable and supportable information, including forward-looking information, available without undue cost or effort in making this assessment. The Credit Union considers past due information of its balances and information about the borrower available through regular commercial dealings, such as requests for loan modifications.

Members' loans with an acceptable credit risk consistent with that upon origination of the loan are considered to be Stage 1. The credit risk of a loan is deemed to have significantly increased since initial recognition when contractual payments have exceeded 30 days past due, or other information becomes available to management (e.g., through the course of regular credit reviews, communication with the borrower or forecasting processes which consider macroeconomic conditions expected to have a future impact on borrowers). The increase in credit risk designates the loan to be Stage 2.

The Credit Union identifies credit-impaired members' loans through regular review of past due balances and credit assessment of its customers. Loans greater than 90 days past due are considered credit impaired. Credit impaired loans are classified as Stage 3.

Measurement of expected credit losses

The Credit Union measures expected credit losses of members' loans receivable on a group basis. These assets are grouped on the basis of their shared credit risk characteristics such as loan type (residential mortgages, commercial mortgages, other secured loans or non-secured loans). Otherwise, expected credit losses are measured on an individual basis.

Forward-looking information is incorporated into the determination of expected credit loss by considering regional economic journals and forecasts, collecting information available from regular commercial dealings with its customers and other publicly available information and considering the effects such information could have on any assumptions or inputs used in the measurement of expected credit losses, determining significant increases in credit risk or identifying a credit impaired loan.

Significant judgments, estimates and assumptions are required when calculating the expected credit losses of members' loans. In measuring the 12-month and lifetime expected credit losses, management makes assumptions about prepayments, the timing and extent of missed payments or default events. In addition, management makes assumptions and estimates about the impact that forward-looking information may have on the historical data used to measure expected credit losses. The Credit Union has identified forecasted unemployment rates to be the most relevant factor, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in this factor.

Write-offs

Members' loans are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The Credit Union assesses that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery when the borrower has filed for bankruptcy and the trustee has indicated that no additional funds will be paid. Where an asset has been written off but is still subject to enforcement activity, the asset is written off but remains on a list of delinquent accounts. Where information becomes available indicating the Credit Union will receive funds, such amounts are recognized at their fair value.

The following tables set out information about the members' loans classified based on the credit quality of financial assets assessed for impairment under IFRS 9 for 2022 and 2023. The gross carrying amount of members' loans represent the maximum exposure to credit risk.

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7. MEMBERS' LOANS (Continued)

21		Stage 1	_	Stage 2	Stage 3		Total	
Balance at December 31, 2023 Gross carrying amount of members' loans Loss allowance	\$	42,121,720 64,887	ss	1,393,472 35,063	s	323,908 \$ 113,665 \$	43,839,100 213,615	
Balance at December 31, 2022 Gross carrying amount of members' loans Loss allowance	\$	36,842,367 60,233	\$\$	903,237 35,857	\$	201,874 \$ 77,995 \$	37,947,478 174,085	

The following tables explain the changes in the loss allowance between the beginning and end of the year.

	 Stage 1	 Stage 2	 Stage 3	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023 Allowance beginning Recoveries Write-offs Net remeasurement of loss allowance	\$ 60,233 3,767 (951) <u>1,838</u>	\$ 35,857 - - (794)	\$ 77,995 \$ 35,897 (47,059) <u>46,832</u>	174,085 39,664 (48,010) 47,876
Allowance ending	\$ 64,887	\$ 35,063	\$ 113,665 \$	213,615
Balance at December 31, 2022 Allowance beginning Recoveries Write-offs Net remeasurement of loss allowance	\$ 45,817 108 (226) 14,534	\$ 63,874 - - (28,017)	\$ 65,839 \$ 8,864 (25,255) 28,547	175,530 8,972 (25,481) 15,064
Allowance ending	\$ 60,233	\$ 35,857	\$ 77,995 \$	174,085

The following is an analysis of loans in arrears based on the age of repayments outstanding:

	2023	2022	
31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days Over 180 days	\$ 102,391 \$ 15,276 115,519 <u>61,812</u>	17,109 2,102 3,801 66,974	
	\$ 294,998 \$	89,986	

Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) loans

The Credit Union is participating in the CEBA loan program announced by the government of Canada. As of December 31, 2023, the Credit Union was administering, on behalf of Export Development Canada, commerical loans totaling \$1,701,067 (2022 - \$2,338,071). As these loans do not belong to the Credit Union, they are not included in these financial statements.

8. ACCRUED RECEIVABLES 2023 2022 Accrued receivables 15,142 \$ 11,249 Interest receivable 51,101 59,220 66,243 \$ 70,469 9. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS 2023 2022 Shares in unlisted entities (at cost): Atlantic Central common shares Atlantic Central provincial shares Central 1 - class B shares 513,980 \$ 541.530 s 101,000 100 101,000 League Savings and Mortgage Limited 577,216 577,216 League Data Limited - class B preference shares Nova Scotia Co-operative Council 11,970 100 11,970 100 s 1,204,366 \$ 1,231,916

The Credit Union's long-term equity investments are not held for trading or contingent consideration from a business combination. Long-term equity investments are irrevocably measured at FVTOCI. The investments do not have a quoted market price in an active market. In each instance, management has reviewed the attributes of its investments and determined that fair value was liquidation value for each investment as there is no ability to otherwise sell the investments. Management also determined that liquidation value approximates historical cost.

10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Cost		easehold rovements		computer quipment		Furniture & Fixtures		Sign		Vault		Total
Balance at January 1, 2022 Additions Disposals Balance on December 31, 2022 Additions	\$	404,423 - - 404,423 15,665	\$	14,637 17,236 - - 31,873 11,961	\$	198,635 - 198,635 6,496	\$	26,450 - - 26,450	\$	48,372 - - 48,372	\$	692,517 17,236 - 709,753 34,122
Disposals Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	420,088	\$_	43,834	\$_	(15,706) 189,425		(26,450)	\$_	48,372	s	(42,156) 701,719
Accumulated depreciation												
Balance at January 1, 2022 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$	190,715 20,353	\$	8,331 4,925	\$	166,290 6,927	\$	23,253 3,197	\$	30,570 1,780	\$	419,159 37,182
Balance on December 31, 2022 Depreciation expense Disposals		211,068 21,532		13,256 8,248		173,217 4,380 (15,706)	-	26,450		32,350 1,602		456,341 35,762 (42,156)
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	232,600	\$	21,504	\$_	161,891	\$_	-	\$_	33,952	\$	449,947
Net book value December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023	\$_ \$_	193,355 187,488	\$\$	18,617 22,330	\$	25,418 27,534	\$\$_		\$\$	16,022 14,420	S_S_	253,412 251,772

11. MEMBERS' DEPOSITS

	2023 2	022
Chequing Demand, no penalty on withdrawal RRSP and RRIF Term deposits	10,178,378 12, 5,273,417 5,	740,955 972,102 293,477 213,956
	\$ <u>44,826,495</u> \$ <u>48.</u>	220,490
Maturity analysis: At call Within one year One to three years Over three years	8,800,130 8, 2,887,237 2, 1,955,875	790,303 090,239 501,948 838,000 220,490

12. MEMBERS' SHARES

Each member must hold 1 common share with a par value of \$5. Common shares and surplus shares may be withdrawn on demand or withdrawal from membership, subject to the Credit Union meeting capital adequacy requirements and the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Authorized: An unlimited number of common shares with par value of \$5 each. An unlimited number of surplus shares with par value of \$1 each.

	2023	2022
Issued: Common shares		
Balance, beginning of year (1,904 shares)	\$ 9,520 \$	9,480
Add: shares issued during year (144 shares)	\$ 5,320	700
Add. shales issued during year (144 shales)	120	700
	10,240	10,180
Less: shares redeemed during year (186 shares)	(930)	(660)
Balance, end of year (1,862 shares)	9,310	9,520
Surplus shares		
Balance, beginning of year (54,041 shares)	54,041	59,564
Add: distributions to members (145,109 shares)	145,109	-
Less: shares redeemed during year (50,426 shares)	(50,426)	(5,523)
Balance, end of year (148,724 shares)	148,724	54,041
Total equity shares	\$ <u>158,034</u> \$	63,561

13. INCOME TAX

The components of tax expense (benefit) were as follows:

		LOLO	LULL	
Current tax expense	\$	78,922	\$ 51,743	
Deferred tax expense Originating and reversal of deductible temporary differences	-	2,152	 (542)	
Total income tax expense	\$	81,074	\$ 51,201	

The provision for income taxes differs from the result which would be obtained by applying the combined Canadian Federal and Provincial statutory income tax rates to income. This difference results from the following:

	2023	2022
Income before income taxes Combined Canadian basic federal	\$ 585,392	\$ 444,300
and provincial income tax rate	11.50 %	11.50 %
Expected income tax Effect on income tax of:	67,320	51,095
Permanent differences Other	198 13,556	- 106
Total income tax expense	\$ <u>81,074</u>	\$ <u>51,201</u>

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Credit Union entered into the following transactions with key management personnel, which are defined by IAS 24 -Related Party Disclosures, as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, direction and controlling the activities of the Credit Union, including directors and senior management.

Commenceation of law menorement accounted	2023		2022	
Compensation of key management personnel Direct compensation Contributions to defined contribution plan	\$	190,883 15,589	\$ 174,027 14,151	
Total salaries and benefits	\$	206,472	\$ 188,178	
Loans and deposits to related parties Loans, mortgages and lines of credit advanced Deposits	\$	2,238,821 1,300,928	\$ 2,120,941 1,378,877	

The Credit Union enters transactions, arrangements and agreements involving directors, senior management and staff in the ordinary course of business. Terms and conditions on the transactions, arrangements and agreements are the same terms and conditions which apply to Members. None of the loans outstanding by key management personnel or the Board of Directors are impaired.

Group RRSP plan

The Credit Union sponsors a group RRSP plan. The plan provides the Credit Union with flexibility in that the percentage contributed to the employees' plan can be modified. The Credit Union contributed 9% of base salaries to the employees' plan. Staff contributed 6% of their base salary to the plan. Current service costs totalled \$48,549 (2022 - \$40,516) and were included in salaries, benefits and contracted services expense on the statement of income.

2023

15. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The estimated fair values of the Credit Union's financial instruments are set out below. Fair value represents the amount at which a financial investment could be exchanged in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Fair value amounts disclosed represent point in time estimates that may change in subsequent reporting periods due to market conditions or other factors. Where there is no quoted market value, fair value is determined using a variety of valuation techniques and assumptions. The Credit Union has estimated fair values taking into account changes in interest rates and credit risk that have occurred since the assets and liabilities were acquired. These calculations represent management's best estimates based on a range of methods and assumptions; since they involve uncertainties, the fair values may not be realized in an actual sale or immediate settlement of the instruments. Interest rate changes are the main cause of changes in the fair value of the Credit Union's financial instruments. The carrying value is a reasonable approximation of fair value for the Credit Union's cash resources, demand deposits, certain other assets and certain other liabilities, due to their short-term nature.

The fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

Loans:

In determining the fair value of loans, the Credit Union incorporates the following assumptions:

- For fixed rate performing loans, fair values are determined by discounting remaining contractual cash flows at current
 market interest rates offered for loans with similar terms.
- For floating rate performing loans, changes in interest rates have minimal impact on the fair value since loans reprice to market. On that basis, fair value is assumed to equal carrying value.
- The total value of loans determined using the above assumptions is reduced by the allowance for impaired loans to
 determine the fair value of the Credit Union's loan portfolio.

Deposits:

- In determining the fair value of deposits, the Credit Union incorporates the following assumptions:
- For fixed rate and fixed maturity deposits, the Credit Union discounts the remaining contractual cash flows, at current
 market interest rates offered for deposits with similar terms and risks.
- For floating rate deposits, changes in interest rates have minimal impact on the fair value since deposits reprice to
 market. On that basis fair value is assumed to equal carrying value.

The Credit Union categorizes valuation methods used for financial instruments carried at fair value under a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether inputs are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Credit's Union market assumptions. These two inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices for active markets for identical financial instruments.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar financial
 instruments in markets that are not active; and model derived valuation in which all significant inputs are observable in
 active markets.
- Level 3 Valuations derived for valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data.

A financial instrument is classified to the lowest level of the hierarchy for which a significant input has been considered in measuring fair value.

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15. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Fair value of investments:

Fair Value Hierarchy Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Fair value of loans and deposits:					\$ \$	2023	s	2022 1,231,916 1,231,916
r all value of loans and deposits.	2023				20	22		
		Book <u>Value</u>		Estimated Fair Value		Book Value		Estimated Fair Value
Members' loans	\$	43,736,531	\$	43,717,337	\$	37,840,633	\$	35,465,384
Members' deposits	\$	44,826,495	\$	44,658,226	\$	48,220,490	\$	47,972,536

The differences between the book values and fair values of the Credit Union's loans, deposits and other financial instruments are due primarily to changes in interest rates.

16. CREDIT FACILITY

The Credit Union has an approved operating line of credit with Atlantic Central with a limit of \$1,380,000 to cover shortfalls in cash resources. The line of credit is secured by an assignment of book debts, bears interest at prime and is to be reviewed on an annual basis. At December 31, 2023 the line of credit balance was \$445,910 and bears interest at 7.20% per annum.

17. CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Credit Union's plan to manage equity is designed to establish a strong base for future growth, to pay dividends on the equity shares and to provide a cushion in the event of market instability. Members' equity consists of equity shares and retained earnings. In accordance with the Credit Union Act, iNova Credit Union shall establish and maintain equity at a level equal to 5% of its assets. At December 31, 2023, equity was 12.08% (2022 - 10.38%) of its assets. Members' equity ratios are monitored regularly and reported to the Board monthly. The Credit Union's equity ratios have been in compliance with the regulatory requirements throughout the year.

18. LEASES

The Credit Union has a lease agreement with Westwood Development Limited for building space.

Terms of lease:

- Original lease term: September 1, 2012 August 31, 2022
- Current lease term: September 1, 2022 August 31, 2025
- · Renewal: Option to renew for a further 3 consecutive five-year terms.

On January 1, 2019, the Credit Union recognized a lease liability measured at the present value of lease payments not yet paid in accordance with IFRS 16. The measurement reflects an expectation to renew the lease for an additional two consecutive five-year terms.

18. LEASES (Continued)

A right-of-use asset was recognized at the initial amount of the lease liability.

On October 20, 2021, the lease was renewed for a period of three years, commencing on September 1, 2022 and expiring on August 31, 2025. The basic monthly rent during the renewal period remains at \$23.50 per square foot plus HST. The lease renewal does not impact the measurement of the lease liability and right-of-use asset recorded in these financial statements.

Lease payments will continue to be made to Westwood Developments Limited in equal monthly installments of \$7,823.74, including an implicit interest rate, until the end of the lease term.

Changes to the lease liability and right-of-use asset balances are illustrated in the following table:

	Right-of-use Lease Asset Liability
Balance at December 31, 2023 Carrying amount - beginning of year Amortization expense Interest expense Lease payments	\$ 698,239 \$ 746,76 (75,485) - - 24,60 - (93,88
Carrying amount - end of year	\$ <u>622,754</u> \$ <u>677,47</u>
	Right-of-use Lease Asset Liability
Balance at December 31, 2022 Carrying amount - beginning of year Amortization expense nterest expense Lease payments	\$ 773,724 \$ 813,69 (75,485) - - 26,95 - (93,88
Carrying amount - end of year	\$ <u>698,239</u> \$ <u>746,76</u>

19. PREPAID EXPENSES

	2023	2022
Honeybee implementation costs Other prepaid expenses	\$ 386,299 \$ 19,192	110,371 15,709
	\$ 405,491 \$	126,080

The honeybee Mission is the overall brand name for League Data projects related to core banking, digital services and cyber security service. These projects include transitioning the current HORIZON core system to a new Mambu core banking platform by 2025.

The Credit Union's portion of The honeybee Mission costs will be invoiced according to the following payment schedule:

٠	June 31, 2022	\$110,371
٠	January 31, 2023	\$137,964
•	June 30, 2023	\$137,964
•	January 31, 2024	\$198,560

These up-front payments are recorded as a prepaid asset. The prepaid asset will be amortized over the term of the honeybee service contract, which will be determined by League Data and the member Credit Unions.

CHEDULES OF ADMINISTRATIVE AN éar ended December 31		2023	% of Income		2022	% of Income
dministrative expenses						
Advertising and promotion	\$	22,457	0.8	\$	27,722	1.3
Accounting and audit		40,025	1.4		21,330	1.0
Atlantic Central dues		44,291	1.5		48,825	2.2
Data processing		149,094	5.2		111,115	
Donations		11,548	0.4		1,735	0.1
Dues, fees and courier		6,261	0.2		5,505	0.4
Equipment repairs and maintenance		11,449	0.4		13,288	0.6
nsurance - general and bonding		28,742	1.0		27,991	1.3
egal, collection and foreclosed property		4,004	0.1		2,126	0.1
Meeting expenses		43,820	1.5		29,748	1.4
Miscellaneous		5,339	0.2		7,305	0.3
Office, stationery and postage		30,005	1.0		28,688	1.4
Telephone		14,699	0.5		8,795	0.4
Travel	-	1,521	0.1	_	658	<u> </u>
	\$	413,255	14.3	\$	334,831	15.6
ccupancy expenses						
Heat, lights and water	\$	11,670	0.4	\$	10,672	0.5
Interest on lease liability		24,600	0.9		26,956	1.2
Repairs and maintenance		16,375	0.6		15,075	0.7
Rent and common area costs	_	40,152	1.4	_	40,940	1.9
		92,797	3.3	e	93,643	4.3

Audit and Risk Committee Report

Audit & Risk Committee Report For the year ended December 31, 2023

Your Audit and Risk Committee meets at least quarterly to:

a. Review and report on interim financial reports and key performance indicators.

b. Review and report on the audited year end financial statements and follow up on all recommendations.

c. Review correspondence from our regulators follow up on any audit irregularities.

d. Review the Enterprise Risk Management measures.

I am pleased to report that the Committee is confident the Credit Union's financial reporting systems and controls are adequate to meet regulatory and statutory requirements.

I would like to thank my fellow committee members Justin Sampson, Suzy Hansen and Kyle Blandin for their contributions over the past year.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Ansari Chair, Audit & Risk Committee

Credit Committee Report

Credit Committee Report for the year ended December 31, 2023

The responsibilities of Credit Unions are dictated by the Credit Union Act which are the basis of iNova Credit Union's polices. The committee meets on a quarterly basis to ensure the loan policy is respected. The committee reviews the loan diversification, delinquencies, the allowance for doubtful loans, loan rewrites and extensions, loans to staff and directors that are in arrears as well as approving write-offs.

The minutes of the meeting and the findings are presented to the Board on a quarterly basis, and I am pleased to report to the membership that the Board was satisfied with the reporting and the adherence to policy.

The other members of the credit committee are Mariah Pelley Smith, Gary Blackburn, Arthur Rudge and Irvine Carvery. I would like to thank the members of the committee for their support during the year. In addition, I would like to thank Thomas Redden, who prepares the reports and provides answers to our questions.

Respectfully Submitted, Angela Franklin Chair, Credit Committee

Cooperative Social Responsibility Committee

Cooperative Social Responsibility Committee Report for the year ended December 31, 2023

Our credit union has the responsibility as well as the privilege to give back to our community. The Cooperative Social Responsibility Committee meets every two months to further this goal. The committee looks into initiatives in the community that the credit union can support, as well as review and approve donation requests to individuals and organizations that benefit the North End Halifax and beyond. iNova has supported the following:

- Earth Day Sapling Giveaway with Props Floral
- Mulgrave Park Caring and Learning Centre Breakfast program
- Mulgrave Park Caring and Learning Centre Helmet donation in partnership with member Cyclesmith Halifax
- Staff Jeans Day Donation to Breast Cancer Canada
- Local Area Co-operative and Credit Union Socials supported/sponsored 3 events
- Bus Stop Theatre Co-operative Sponsorship
- Bus Stop Theatre Co-operative ticket giveaway
- Africville Genealogical Society's 40th Anniversary event donation
- BLK Women in Excellence Pitch Competition Donation
- "Live the Brand" Free Branding Workshop offered in partnership with Mariah International Business & Vitality
- Parker Street holiday food bundle packing volunteering (all staff over 3 days)
- North Atlantic Indigenous Games sponsorship, in collaboration with other Atlantic credit unions
- North End Community Garden sponsorship
- Provided tickets to Michelle Obama Event 75th Anniversary of Nova Scotia Co-operative Council for local area Black entrepreneurs

We also had active engagement from board members supporting credit union goals:

- Board Member went to Kenya to support a leadership program for African credit unions
- Board Member Participation in World Credit Union Conference, Vancouver
- Board member achieves International Credit Union Development Educator designation, provided by the Worldwide Foundation for Credit Unions

The committee had a busy year in 2023, and is looking forward to an even busier 2024.

I would like to thank my fellow committee members Suzy Hansen, Mariah Pelley- Smith, Jaclyn Doublett and Thomas Redden for their contributions over the past year.

Respectfully Submitted, Erin Hancock Chair, Cooperative Social Responsibility Committee









A collaboration with Cyclesmith made summer extra special for the kids in the Summer Camp Program at Mulgrave Park Caring and Learning Center. Together, we provided 45 youth bike helmets, complete with bells and other cool bike gear.



OCTOBER CO-OPERATIVE SOCIAL

Join us for the Halifax Area Co-operative Social – a relaxed gathering of co-op and credit union board and staff members in HRM. Connect, learn, and share laughter as we strengthen our co-op community!

Date: Thursday, October 12, 2023 Time: 6:30pm Location: 541 Sackville Drive, Sackville





Aulgrave Park

Caring 4

Learning Center

Appointment of Auditors

On behalf of the Board of Directors of iNova Credit Union, I recommend that the auditing firm of Miles T. Sweeney Limited, Chartered Accountants, or their successor as independent auditors, be reappointed as the auditors for iNova Credit Union for the 2024 fiscal year.

Mike Ansari, Chair, Audit and Risk Committee

Director and Committee Member Attendance 2023

Board of Directors	Audit & Risk Committee			
Wayne Pace8/10 MeetingsMitchell Wells10/10 MeetingsErin Hancock10/10 MeetingsJayme Melrose10/10 MeetingsMariah Pelley-Smith9/10 Meetings	Mike Ansari5/5 MeetingsJustin Sampson5/5 MeetingsSuzy Hansen2/5 MeetingsKyle Blandin5/5 Meetings			
Angela Franklin10/10 MeetingsJustin Sampson9/10 MeetingsSuzy Hansen5/10 MeetingsMike Ansari9/10 Meetings	Co-Operative Social Responsibility CommitteeErin Hancock Mariah Pelley-Smith Suzy Hansen5/5 Meetings 5/5 Meetings 3/5 Meetings			
Credit CommitteeAngela Franklin4/4 MeetingsMariah Pelley-Smith4/4 MeetingsIrvine Carvery3/4 MeetingsGary Blackburn4/4 MeetingsArthur Rudge4/4 Meetings	Governance CommitteeWayne Pace1/1 MeetingsMitchel Wells1/1 MeetingsErin Hancock1/1 Meetings			

